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PART IV

Section—1-A.

CENTRAL BILLS AND REPORTS OF SELECT COMMITTEES THEREON.

NOTIFICATION.

No. L.D. 1475—Legis. 3-51-51, dated Bangalore, 26th October 1951.

Ordered that the Companies (Donations to National Funds) Bill, 1951 (Central Bill No. 77 of 1951), published in the *Gazette of India*, Part II, Section 2, dated the 22nd September 1951, be republished in the *Mysore Gazette*, for general information.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

N. R. JAYA RAO,

*Legal Remembrancer and
Secretary to Government,
Law Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

PARLIAMENT OF INDIA.

The following Bill was introduced in Parliament on the 18th September, 1951—

A Bill to enable companies to make Bill No. 77 of 1951 donations to national funds.

BE it enacted by Parliament as follows :—

1. **Short title and extent.**—(1) This Act may be called the Companies (Donations to National Funds) Act, 1951.

(2) It extends to the whole of India except the State of Jammu and Kashmir,

2. Definitions.—In this Act,—

(a) "company" means a company as defined in section 2 of the Companies Act, and includes a company deemed to be incorporated and registered under that Act by virtue of Section 2B thereof;

(b) "the Companies Act" means the Indian Companies Act, 1913 (VII of 1913).

3. Power of companies to make donations to certain National Funds.—Any company may, notwithstanding anything contained in the Companies Act or in any other law for the time being in force regulating the affairs thereof, and notwithstanding that the memorandum or articles of association of the company do not enable it so to do, by an extraordinary resolution passed in accordance with the provisions contained in Section 81 of the Companies Act, authorise the making of donations to the Gandhi National Memorial Fund or the Sardar Vallabhbhai National Memorial Fund, administered by the President of the Indian National Congress, or to any other Fund established for a charitable purpose which by reason of its national importance has been approved by the Central Government for the purposes of this section.

4. Repeal of Act XXXV of 1948.—The Gandhi National Memorial Fund Donations (Companies) Act, 1948, is hereby repealed.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The Associated Chambers of Commerce and many companies who are desirous of making donations to the Sardar Vallabhbhai National Memorial Fund which has been established for carrying out objects conducive to the general welfare have approached Government to remove the legal difficulty that has arisen owing to the absence of a provision in the articles of association of some companies authorising the making of such donations. Even if the shareholders decide at a special meeting to make a donation, in the absence of any authorising provision in the articles of association they are not legally entitled to do so. Act XXXV of 1948 was passed for the purpose of removing this difficulty in the case of donations to the Gandhi National Memorial Fund. It is now proposed that a similar legislation be undertaken to cover donations to the Sardar Vallabhbhai National Memorial Fund and other similar National Funds established for charitable purposes and which by reason of their national importance have been approved by the Central Government in this behalf. The donations can only be made if the general body of the companies have met at a special meeting and approved the making of such gifts by the passing of an extraordinary resolution in the manner required by Section 81 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913.

As a matter of drafting, the Bill has been framed as a consolidating measure.

NEW DELHI;

The 8th September, 1951.

C. RAJAGOPALACHARI.

M. N. KAUL, *Secretary.*

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PART IV

Section I-C

RULES, ORDERS AND NOTIFICATIONS UNDER CENTRAL
ACTS AND ORDINANCES.

NOTIFICATION

No. C. & D. 859, dated Bangalore, 12th November 1951.

The following Public Notices issued by the Government of India, Ministry of Commerce and Industry, are republished for the information of the public :—

- (1) No. 165-ITC (PN)—51, dated 16th October 1951 ;
- (2) No. 166-ITC (PN)—51, dated 16th October 1951 ;
- (3) No. 167-ITC (PN)—51, dated 16th October 1951 ;
- (4) General Licensing Instruction No. 127—51, dated 17th October 1951 ;
- (5) Express Letter No. 1-M & O (15)—51, dated 11th October 1951.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

R. J. REGO,
*Secretary to Government,
Development Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL

New Delhi, the 16th October 1951.

Public Notice.

*Subject :—*Issue of July-December, 1951 licences to established importers who failed to obtain licences for January-June, 1951.

No. 166-ITC (P.N.)—51. In the licensing policy for the July-December, 1951 period announced in this Ministry's Public Notice No. 105-ITC (PN)—51, dated the 15th June, 1951, the provisions made for the doubling of certain licences and the issue of supplementary licences in the case of certain Serial Numbers of the Import Trade Control Schedule, were based on the assumption that established importers would have obtained licences for January-June 1951, in the ordinary course of their business. It has since been represented that in some cases established importers were unable to obtain licences for January-June 1951, because of certain reasons. It has accordingly been decided, on further consideration, to allow such parties to apply for licences for the current period, subject to the conditions set out below.

2. Applications will be entertained from such established importers, who would have qualified for a quota licence in terms of the policy and licensing basis applicable to the licensing period January-June 1951 and who are able to show good and sufficient cause for their failure to obtain a licence for that period.

3. In the case of such applications as are now admitted, licences will be granted according to entitlement, for the July-December, 1951 period only. In calculating the entitlement the increased quota percentages allowed in the case of items for which supplementary licences are being granted *vide* Appendix "A" of Public Notice No. 105-ITC (PN)—51, dated the 15th June, 1951 will be taken into account.

4. It should be clearly understood that it will not be possible to entertain applications for July-December licences on any of the following grounds:—

- (a) Imports made during the financial year 1950-51 being larger than the years for which evidence could be produced in January-June 1951.
- (b) Cases where the July-December quota would be below Rs. 500, since that was the minimum value for which a quota licence could issue under the rules in force in January-June 1951.

5. Applications should be made in the prescribed form and manner applicable in the case of established importers, together with the required documentary evidence, treasury challan on account of the licensing fee, to the Import Trade Controllers at the ports by the 10th November, 1951. The application and covering letter, if any, should bear the following endorsement in block letters written in red ink as follows:—

"APPLICATION IN TERMS OF PUBLIC NOTICE No. 166-ITC (P.N.)—51, DATED THE 16TH OCTOBER, 1951."

L. K. JHA,

Joint Secy. to the Govt. of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL

New Delhi, the 16th October 1951.

Public Notice.

*Subject :—*Licensing of Ale, Beer and Wines, Whiskey, Spirits, etc., falling under Serial Nos. 82, 83 and 84 of Part IV of the Import Trade Control Schedule.

No. 167-ITC (P.N.)—51. In view of the representations received from time to time from the trade, it has been decided that the quota for the import of all varieties of alcoholic beverages falling under Serial Nos. 82, 83 and 84 of Part IV of the Import Trade Control Schedule should be the same.

2. For this purpose, established importers of ale, beer, etc., under Serial No. 82 and of wines under Serial No. 83 of Part IV will be given additional licence for July-December 1951, the value of which will be calculated as a multiple of the January-June 1951 licence held by them. In the case of ale, beer, etc., falling under Serial No. 82, the additional licence will be equal to one and one-third of the January-June 1951 licence held by the importer and in the case of wines falling under Serial

No. 83, it will be equal to twice the value of the January-June 1951 licence. In effect therefore the total quota for the July-December period taking into account the quantity admissible under the doubling scheme, the supplementary licence already issued and the additional licences provided for under this scheme will amount to 50 per cent of half of best year's imports.

3. It has further been decided that established importers who could not get a licence during January-June 1951 under these serial numbers owing to the smallness of their quota will be permitted to make fresh applications for July-December 1951 period and will be given quota licences equal to 50 per cent of half of the best year's imports.

4. The last date for applying for additional licences or quota licences under the paragraphs 2 and 3 above will be the 31st October 1951. Licences issued to these who are not established importers, *e.g.*, to hotels and restaurants will not be entitled to any increase. Applications from established importers should be made to the ports along with the treasury challan for the requisite amount and other necessary documents.

5. It has also been decided that now that there is a uniform quota for goods falling under Serial Nos. 82, 83 and 84, licence-holders of any one of these items can, at their action, utilise the licence for the import of any of the items covered by the three Serial Nos. A licence for ale and beer will therefore be valid for the import of wines and whiskey and brandy and *vice versa*, at the option of the importer without any specific endorsement being made on the licence itself.

L. K. JHA,

Joint Secy. to the Govt. of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL.

New Delhi, the 16th October 1951.

Public Notice.

Subject:—Import of shoe laces, shoe rubber soles and heels from Dollar currency countries under Export Promotion Scheme.

No. 165, I.T.C. (PN)—51. The attention of the importers is invited to the late Ministry of Commerce Public Notice No. 118-I.T.C. (PN)—50, dated the 26th September 1950, regarding Export Promotion Scheme.

2. It has been decided to allow the import from Dollar currency countries of shoe laces and shoe rubber soles and heels falling under Serial Nos. 222—IV and 41—V, respectively, of the Import Trade Control Schedule under the Export Promotion Scheme.

3. The import of these goods will be allowed on the following basis :—

(i) In the case of rubber soles and heels, ten per cent of the value of shoes (with rubber soles and heels) exported in the previous quarter.

(ii) In the case of shoe laces, half per cent of the value of shoes exported in the previous quarter.

4. Applications should be made to the Import Trade Controllers at ports in the form and manner prescribed in the Commerce and Industry Ministry Public Notice No. 150-I.T.C.(PN)—50, dated the 15th December, 1950, together with the documents specified in Public Notice No. 118-I.T.C.(P.N.)—50, dated the 26th September, 1950.

L. K. JHA,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF CONTROLLER OF IMPORTS.

New Delhi, the 17th October 1951.

Import Trade Control.

General Licensing Instruction No. 127—51.

Subject:—Increase in c.i.f. value of licences owing to increase in continental and U.K. freight rates.

In view of the general increase in prices including the rise in the freight rates it had been decided that January-June 1951 licences entitled to be doubled in value would be deemed to be automatically valid for additional imports up to 10 per cent of the original value of the licence in terms of para 2 of Commerce and Industry Ministry Public Notice No. 105-I.T.C.(PN)—51, dated 15th June 1951.

2. Representations have been received urging that in view of the rise in the continental and U.K. freight rates the increase of 10 per cent referred to in para 1 above is not sufficient and the value of the licence should be increased further. The question has been examined in consultation with the Ministry of Finance and it is felt that the automatic increase of 10 per cent already given should be normally adequate to cover the additional freight increase also.

3. In the case of licences which were not doubled, viz.,—

- (i) Capital Goods licences
- (ii) H. E. P. licences
- (iii) Licences issued to cover orders placed by the D.G.S.D.
- (iv) Licences issued to cover contracts placed by the Government Railways, and
- (v) Others

where the 10 per cent increase has not been allowed or in cases where the increase in value on account of rise in freight is particularly large. The question of allowing a suitable increase in the value of licence should be considered on the merits of each case against individual applications, if supported by documentary evidence to show that the increase in freight rates has been particularly large.

[Issued from file No. 15-Pol(11)—51]

L. K. JHA,

Chief Controller of Imports.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF CONTROLLER OF EXPORTS

New Delhi, the 11th October 1951.

Express Letter.

To
The Deputy Chief Controller of Exports, Bombay/Madras.
The Joint Chief Controller of Exports, Calcutta.
The Export Trade Controller, Amritsar/Shillong.

Subject:—Export of Copper Oxide.

No. 1-M & O(15)—51. Reference Ministry of Commerce and Industry Notification No. 91-CW(10)—48, dated the 18th August, 1951, under which Copper Oxide have been brought under control.

2. Applications for the export of Copper Oxide may be referred to this office for orders.

K. N. AGHA,
Controller,
For Chief Controller of Export.

NOTIFICATION.

No. C. & D.—561, dated Bangalore, 12th November 1951.

The following Public Notices and letters issued by the Government of India, Ministry of Commerce and Industry, are republished for the information of the public:

- No. 31—Misc. (1)—51, dated 5th October 1951;
- No. 169—ITC(P.N.)—51, dated 17th October 1951;
- No. 170—ITC(P.N.)—51, dated 18th October 1951;
- No. 17—ITC(Press)—51, dated 20th October 1951;
- No. I—T(7)—51, dated 24th October 1951; and
- No. 81—M.A. (1)—48, dated 29th October 1951.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

R. J. REGO,
Secretary to Government,
Development Department,

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF CONTROLLER OF EXPORTS.

New Delhi, the 5th October 1951.

Express Letter.

To—The Joint Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, Bombay/Calcutta.
The Deputy Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, Madras.
The Export Trade Controller, Amritsar/Shillong.

Subject.—Export of Zari goods and filigree articles.

No. 31-Misc. (1)—51. In supersession of all previous instructions on the above subject it has now been decided that the export of zari goods, real as well as imitation, and silver filigree articles should be allowed freely without licensing restriction, i.e., under Open General Licence. Necessary amendment to Open General Licence No. 4, will be issued shortly.

2. A trade notice on the subject may be issued by you as usual.

N. SIVARAMAN,
Assistant Controller,
For Chief Controller of Exports.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL.

New Delhi, the 17th October 1951.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Subject.—Import of typewriters from soft currency countries.

No. 169-ITC (P.N.)—51. It has been decided to issue some further licences for the import of typewriters from soft currency countries. Established importers and sole agents of manufacturers in soft currency countries, who find that they are in a position to import more typewriters before the end of June 1952 than they have licences for, should send to the Chief Controller of Imports, New Delhi, on or before the 30th November 1951, the following information :

- (a) Total number of typewriters for which the applicant has existing licences in hand.
- (b) Total number of typewriters (indicating makes and types) which the firm is in a position to import before the end of June 1952.
- (c) Whether the firm has made any supply of that particular make of typewriter to the Controller of Printing and Stationery, Government of India or to a State Government.
- (d) If the applicant is a sole agent, the area for which it holds the sole agency.

2. Original documentary evidence in support of (b) above as well as relevant licence numbers and value, copies of contracts, etc., in respect of the other points should be produced along with the statement. On receipt of replies, allocations will

be worked out and communicated to applicants. Formal applications for import licences in accordance with the usual formalities for the quantity so allocated will then have to be made.

3. Applications and correspondence in pursuance of this notice should be marked clearly on the top with the words "Soft Currency Typewriters."

L. K. JHA,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL.

New Delhi, the 18th October 1951.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Subject.—Difficulties in dealing with imports made under one licence through more than one port.

No. 170-ITC(P.N.)—51. In order to deal with some of the difficulties in regard to imports made under one licence through more than one port, the following procedure will be adopted in modification of what was stated in paragraph 2 of Public Notice No. 61-ITO(P.N.)—51 of the 24th March, 1951.

2. When only a part of a consignment covered by any import licence is received and cleared at one port, the licence will be returned to the party concerned with a suitable endorsement by the Customs authorities. The licence will also be registered at that port so that a record is maintained of all clearances against that licence in that register. In case any consignment covered by that licence arrives at another port, the importer will have to obtain a release advice from the port at which the licence is registered to the port where the goods have arrived before release is made.

3. Importers are warned that Customs will not accept any import licence on which there is evidence of any erasure or alteration which is not duly attested by the Customs or import control authorities making them. Likewise, if a licence is lost by the importer and the clearance of his imports is thereby delayed or impeded, the responsibility will be entirely his.

4. In order to facilitate prompt clearance of goods, parties who at the time of applying for licences know that some shipments will arrive at one port and others at another should ask for separate licences in respect of each port so that the need for making cross-references from one port to another will be obviated.

L. K. JHA,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL.

New Delhi, the 20th October 1951.

Press Note

No. 17-ITC (Press)—51. Japan has hitherto been treated as a hard currency country for purposes of import and export. The Government of India have now decided that Japan should, with immediate effect, be regarded as a soft currency country. As a consequence, licences which are valid for the import of goods from soft currency countries will be valid for import from Japan. A Public Notice announcing this is being issued in the *Gazette of India* (Extraordinary) dated the 20th October, 1951.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

New Delhi, the 24th October 1951.

RESOLUTION

Tariffs.

No. I-T. (7)—51. In pursuance of paragraphs 2 and 7 of their Resolution in the late Department of Commerce No. 218-T(55)—45, dated the 3rd November 1945 and paragraph 4 of their Resolution bearing the same number dated the 16th February, 1946, the Government have decided to refer to the Tariff Board for investigation an application for protection or assistance received from the Flax Goods Manufacturing industry.

2. In conducting the inquiry the Board will be guided by the principles laid down in paragraph 5 of the Resolution dated the 3rd November 1945, referred to in paragraph 1 above.

3. Firms or persons interested in this industry or in industries dependent on the use of this article, who desire that their views should be considered by the Tariff Board should address their representations to the Secretary to the Board, Contractor Building, Nicol Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay 1.

ORDER

Ordered that a copy of the Resolution be communicated to all concerned and that it be published in the *Gazette of India*.

K. N. KAUL,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

(EXTRAORDINARY GAZETTE)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT

New Delhi, the 29th October 1951.

NOTIFICATION.

Merchant Shipping

No. 81-MA(1)—48. In exercise of the power conferred by section 5 of the Marking of Heavy Packages Act, 1951 (XXXIX of 1951), the Central Government hereby makes the following Rules, namely:—

1. *Short title and Commencement.*—(1) These Rules may be called the Marking of Heavy Packages Rules, 1951.

(2) They shall come into force on the 1st day of November, 1951.

2. *Manner of Marking of Heavy Packages.*—(1) The gross weight on a heavy package shall be marked thereon in the English and the regional language with a kind of paint which is not easily effaceable.

(2) Where a heavy package is of a light colour, black paint shall be used and where the package is of a dark colour, white or yellow paint shall be used.

3. *Gross weight to be marked in metric tons, killogrammes, maunds or pounds.*—Subject to the provisions of Rule 7, the gross weight of a heavy package shall be marked thereon in metric tons, killogrammes, standard pounds or standard maunds.

4. *Place of marking.*—The gross weight shall be marked on two sides of a heavy package so that in whatever position the package is placed, the marking is easily visible.

5. *Size of letters or figures.*—Every letter or figure used to mark the gross weight of a heavy package shall be at least three inches in length and one quarter of an inch in breadth.

6. *Manner of packing.*—(1) The goods in a heavy package shall be securely packed in a strong covering in such manner that there is no movement of the goods inside the package or any danger of the disintegration of the goods or the covering.

(2) The covering shall be of such material and nature as can stand the strain of the package being handled during the course of loading or unloading so that the risk of any injury to persons who handle the package is minimised.

7. *Marking of approximate weight in certain circumstances.*—Where at the place from where heavy package is consigned there are no means available for determining the correct weight of the package, the anticipated minimum and maximum weight of the package in metric tons, killogrammes, standard pounds or standard maunds shall be marked thereon in the manner herein before specified :

PROVIDED THAT such anticipated maximum weight shall be so assessed that it does not fall below the actual weight of the package.

Illustration.—Where the anticipated minimum weight of a package is one ton and the anticipated maximum weight two tons, the package shall be marked

"Between one and two metric tons"

H. C. SARIN,

Deputy Secretary to the Government of India.

NOTIFICATION.

No. L.D. 1004—Legis. 6-51-27, dated Bangalore, 17th September 1951.

Ordered that Notification No. S.R.O's 1340 and 1342, dated the 1st September 1951, under clause (c) of section 29 and under the second proviso to Rule 25 of Order V in the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (V of 1908), published in the *Gazette of*

India, Part II, Section 3, dated the 1st September 1951, be republished in the *Mysore Gazette*, for general information.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

N. R. JAYA RAO,
*Legal Remembrancer and
Secretary to Government,
Law Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

MINISTRY OF LAW.

NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 1st September, 1951.

S.R.O. 1340.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of Section 29 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (V of 1908), the Central Government hereby declares that the provisions of the said section shall apply to all civil and revenue courts in Pakistan.

[No. F. 22-I—51-L.]

S.R.O. 1342.—In pursuance of the second proviso to Rule 25 of Order V in the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (V of 1908), the Central Government hereby specifies the following officers in Pakistan to whom a summons may be sent for service on a defendant who is a public officer in Pakistan (not belonging to the Pakistan Military, Naval or Air Forces), namely:—

(a) where the defendant is a public officer serving in connection with the affairs of the Dominion of Pakistan or is a servant of a Railway in Pakistan, to the Secretary to the Government of Pakistan in the Ministry of the Interior.

(b) where such defendant is serving in connection with the affairs of any other Government in Pakistan or under any local authority in Pakistan, to the Home Secretary to that Government or, as the case may be, to the Home Secretary to the Government within whose territory the local authority has its jurisdiction.

[No. F. 22-I—51-L.]

K. V. K. SUNDARAM, *Secretary.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. L.D. 1005—Legis. 6-51-23, dated Bangalore, 17th September 1951.

Ordered that Notification No. S. R. O. 1341, dated the 1st September 1951, of the Ministry of Law appointing the date of coming into force of the Code of Civil Procedure (Second Amendment) Act, 1951 (XIX of 1951), published in the *Gazette of India*, Part II,

Section 3, dated the 1st September 1951, be republished in the *Mysore Gazette*, for general information.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

N. R. JAYA RAO,

*Legal Remembrancer and
Secretary to Government,
Law Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

MINISTRY OF LAW.

NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 1st September, 1951.

S.R.O. 1341.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-section (2) of Section 1 of the Code of Civil Procedure (Second Amendment) Act, 1951 (XIX of 1951), the Central Government hereby appoints the first day of September, 1951, as the date on which the said Act shall come into force.

[No. F. 22-1—51-L.]

K. V. K. SUNDARAM, *Secretary.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. L.D. 1832—Legis. 5-51-52, dated Bangalore, 4th October 1951.

Ordered that Notification No. S.R.O. 383, dated the 8th September 1951, of the Ministry of Defence amending the National Cadet Corps Rules, 1948, published in the *Gazette of India*, Part II, Section 4, dated the 8th September 1951, be republished in the *Mysore Gazette*, for general information.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

N. R. JAYA RAO,

*Legal Remembrancer and
Secretary to Government,
Law Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

MINISTRY OF DEFENCE.

NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 8th September, 1951.

S.R.O. 383.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 13 of the National Cadet Corps Act, 1948 (XXXI of 1948), the Central Government hereby directs

that the following amendment shall be made in the National Cadet Corps Rules, 1948, namely :—

For sub-rule (2) of rule 1 of the said rules, the following sub-rule shall be substituted, namely :—

(2) They extend to the whole of India and apply to all persons enrolled or appointed under the Act, wherever they may be.

[No. 56-7-G.—L. & C.—(CCC)—49.]

H. M. PATEL, Secy.

NOTIFICATION.

No. L.D. 1837—Legis. 6-51-51, dated (Camp) Mysore, 7th October 1951.

Ordered that Notifications No. S.R.O. 1320, dated 22nd August 1951 and 1321, dated 28th August 1951 of the Ministry of Food and Agriculture, amending the Government of India late Ministry of Agriculture Notification No. F. 9-12—49-PPS., dated 24th June 1950 and late Department of Education, Health and Lands Notification No. 1581—Agri., dated 1st October 1931, under the Destructive Insects and Pests Act, 1914, published in the *Gazette of India*, Part II, Section 3, dated the 1st September 1951, be republished in the *Mysore Gazette*, for general information.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

N. R. JAYA RAO,
*Legal Remembrancer and
Secretary to Government,
Law Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

MINISTRY OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE.

AGRICULTURE.

New Delhi, the 22nd August 1951.

S.R.O. 1320.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 4-A of the Destructive Insects and Pests Act, 1914 (II of 1914), the Central Government hereby directs that the following amendments shall be made in the Rules published with the Notification of the Government of India in the late Ministry of Agriculture No. F. 9-12—49-PPS, dated the 24th June 1950, namely :—

In the said Rules—

(1) In the preamble for the words, "the Part A and Part C States" the words "any part of India" shall be substituted.

(2) In rule 3 for the words "other Part A State or Part C State" the words "part of India" shall be substituted.

[No. F. 6-21—51-Dte. I.]

New Delhi, the 28th August 1951.

S.R.O. 1321.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Destructive Insects and Pests Act, 1914 (II of 1914), the Central Government hereby directs that the following further amendments shall be made in the Order published with the notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Education, Health and Lands No. 1581-Agrl., dated the 1st October 1931, namely:—

In the said Order—

1. In the preamble the word "British" shall be omitted.
2. In paragraph 2 for the words "Part A States and Part C States" the word "India" shall be substituted.

[No. F. 6-26-51-Dte. I.]

J. V. A. NEHEMIAH, Dy. Secy.

NOTIFICATION.

No. L.D. 1338—Legis. 5-51-54, dated (Camp) Mysore, 7th October 1951.

Ordered that Notification No. S.R.O. 1330, dated 28th August 1951 of the Ministry of Labour, amending the Minimum Wages (Central Advisory Board) Rules, 1949, published in the *Gazette of India*, Part II, Section 3, dated the 1st September 1951, be republished in the *Mysore Gazette*, for general information.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

N. R. JAYA RAO,
Legal Remembrancer and
Secretary to Government,
Law Department.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

MINISTRY OF LABOUR.

New Delhi, the 28th August 1951.

S.R.O. 1330.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 29 of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948 (XI of 1948), the Central Government hereby makes the following amendment in the Minimum Wages (Central Advisory Board) Rules, 1949, the same having been previously published as required by the said section.

Amendment.

For Rule 3 of the Minimum Wages (Central Advisory Board) Rules, 1949, the following rule shall be substituted, namely:—

"3. Constitution of the Central Advisory Board:—

The Board shall consist of the following members, to be nominated by the Central Government namely:—

- (i) a Chairman;

- (ii) two officers of the Central Government, one of whom shall be the Vice-Chairman;
- (iii) one member each from the States of Bombay, West Bengal, Madras, Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, Madhya Pradesh, Hyderabad and Mysore;
- (iv) two members by rotation from the States of Assam, Orissa, Punjab and Saurashtra;
- (v) two members by rotation from the States of Patiala and East Punjab States Union, Travancore-Cochin, Madhya Bharat and Rajasthan;
- (vi) two members representing Part 'C' States;
- (vii) seventeen members representing employers in the scheduled employments;
- (viii) seventeen members representing employees in the scheduled employments.

[No. LW1. 24 (82)].

P. N. SHARMA, *Under Secy.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. L.D. 1339—Legis. 6-51-50, dated (Camp) Mysore, 7th October 1951.

Ordered that Notification No. S.R.O. 1333, dated the 27th August 1951 of the Ministry of Labour, under clauses (a) and (c) of Section 2 of the Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946, published in the *Gazette of India*, Part II, Section 3, dated the 1st September, 1951, be republished in the *Mysore Gazette*, for general information.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

N. R. JAYA RAO,

*Legal Remembrancer and
Secretary to Government,
Law Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

MINISTRY OF LABOUR.

New Delhi, the 27th August 1951.

S.R.O. 1333.—In pursuance of clauses (a) and (c) of Section 2 of the Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946 (XX of 1946), and in supersession of the Notifications of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour No. L.R. 11 (92), dated the 31st August 1949, and No. L.R. 11 (108), dated the 24th July 1950, the Central Government hereby appoints the Chief Labour Commissioner (Central) to exercise the functions of an appellate authority under the said Act in all the territories to which the said Act extends in respect of industrial establishments under the control of the Central Government or a railway administration or in a major port, mine or oilfield and further, hereby, appoints each of the officers specified in column 1 of the Schedule hereto annexed to exercise the functions

of a certifying officer under the said Act in respect of any of aforesaid industrial establishments situated within the territorial limits specified in the corresponding entry in column 2 of the said Schedule: 10-7-51.

Provided that the Regional Labour Commissioner, Dhanbad, shall exercise the functions of a certifying officer in relation to Coal Mines in the State of West Bengal.

SCHEDULE.

Designation of officer	Territorial limits
1	2
1. Regional Labour Commissioner (Central), Kanpur.	The States of Uttar Pradesh and Delhi.
2. Regional Labour Commissioner (Central), Calcutta.	The States of West Bengal (except coal mines) Tripura, Manipur and Assam.
3. Regional Labour Commissioner (Central), Bombay.	The States of Bombay, Saurashtra and Kutch.
4. Regional Labour Commissioner (Central), Dhanbad.	The States of Bihar, Orissa and Vindhya Pradesh and in coal mines in the State of West Bengal.
5. Regional Labour Commissioner (Central), Madras.	The States of Madras, Mysore, Travancore-Cochin and Coorg.
6. Regional Labour Commissioner (Central), Nagpur.	The States of Madhya Pradesh and Hyderabad.
7. Regional Labour Commissioner (Central), Ajmer.	The States of Punjab, Patiala and East Punjab States Union, Ajmer-Merwara, Himachal Pradesh, Bilaspur, Rajasthan and Madhya Bharat.

[No. L.R. 11 (108).]

S. MULLICK, Dy. Secy.

NOTIFICATION.

No. L.D. 1340—Legis. 5-51-53, dated (Camp) Mysore, 7th October 1951.

Ordered that Notification No. S.R.O. 1332, dated the 21st August 1951 of the Ministry of Labour, amending the Industrial Disputes (Central) Rules, 1947, published in the *Gazette of India*, Part II, Section 3, dated the 1st September 1951, be republished in the *Mysore Gazette*, for general information.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,
N. R. JAYA RAO,

Legal Remembrancer and

Secretary to Government,

Law Department.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

MINISTRY OF LABOUR.

New Delhi, the 21st August 1951.

S.R.O. 1332.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 38 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (XIV of 1947), the Central Government hereby directs that the following further amendment shall be made in the Industrial Disputes (Central) Rules, 1947, the same having been previously published as required by sub-section (1) of the said section, namely:—

For sub-rule (2) of rule 1 of the said Rules, the following sub-rule shall be substituted, namely;

"(2) They extend to Part 'C' States in relation to all industrial disputes, and to Part 'A' and Part 'B' States in relation only to an industrial dispute concerning,—

(a) any industry carried on by or under the authority of the Central Government or by a railway company; or

(b) a banking or an insurance company, a mine, an oilfield, or a major port.

[No. LR. 1 (134).]

S. MULLICK, *Dy. Secy.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. L.D. 1841—Legis. 6-51-21 dated Bangalore, 8th October 1951.

Ordered that Notification No. S.R.O. 1292, dated the 21st August 1951 of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry amending the Iron and Steel (Control of Production and Distribution) Order, 1941, published in the *Gazette of India*, Part II, Section 3, dated the 25th August 1951, be republished in the *Mysore Gazette*, for general information.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

N. R. JAYA RAO,

*Legal Remembrancer and
Secretary to Government,
Law Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

New Delhi, the 21st August 1951.

S.R.O. 1292.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946 (XXIV of 1946), the Central Government

hereby directs that the following further amendments shall be made in the Iron and Steel (Control of Production and Distribution) Order, 1941, namely :—

In clause 11B of the said Order,—

1. To sub-clause (1), the following shall be added, namely :—

"The Controller may also, by a general or special order in writing, require any person or class of persons enumerated above to pay such amount on account of allowances for contribution to any Equalisation Fund, within such period and in such manner as the Controller may direct in this behalf."

2. Sub-clause (2A) shall be omitted and the following shall be inserted after sub-clause (2); namely :—

"Provided that the Controller may direct that the maximum prices fixed under sub-clause (1) or (2) shall not apply to any specified stocks of iron or steel and may, in respect of such stocks, specify the maximum prices at which such iron or steel may be sold and communicate the same in writing to the persons concerned and any person or persons holding such stocks of iron and steel for which prices have been so specified shall, at the time of the sale of such iron or steel or part thereof, mention the number and date of the order of the Controller in every Cash Memo, Bill or other document evidencing the sale or disposal out of the respective stocks to which the order of the Controller applies.

3. In sub-clause (3) for "sub-clause (1), (2) or (2A)" the words, figures and brackets "sub-clause (1) or (2)" shall be substituted.

[No. SC (A)-4(53)]

N. R. REDDY, Under Secy.

NOTIFICATION.

No. L.D. 1942—Legis. 5-51-55, dated Bangalore, 8th October 1951.

Ordered that Notification No. S.R.O. 1300, dated the 16th August 1951 of the Ministry of Works, Production and Supply amending the Carbide of Calcium Rules, 1937, published in the *Gazette of India*, Part II, Section 3, dated the 25 August 1951, be republished in the *Mysore Gazette*, for general information.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

N. R. JAYA RAO,

*Legal Remembrancer and
Secretary to Government,
Law Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

MINISTRY OF WORKS, PRODUCTION AND SUPPLY.

New Delhi, the 16th August 1951.

S.R.O. 1300.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 4 and sub-section (1) of Section 29 of the Petroleum Act, 1934 (XXX of 1934), as applied to Carbide of Calcium by the notifications of the Government of India, in the late Department

of Industries and Labour No. M-826(1), dated the 15th October 1936, in the late Ministry of Works, Mines and Power No. MII-104(4), dated the 24th January 1951 and in the Ministry of Works, Production and Supply No. M-123(9) (vii), dated the 18th May, 1951, the Central Government hereby directs that the following amendment shall be made in the Carbide of Calcium Rules, 1937, the same having been previously published, as required by sub-section (2) of Section 29 of the said Act, namely:—

In Rule 22 of the said Rules,

(a) for clause (c) of sub-rule (1), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

“(c) If in quantities aggregating more than 3,000 lbs. in an uninhabited building at least 60 feet away from any other premises and at least 30 feet away from any road.”

(b) for sub-rule (2), the following sub-rule shall be substituted, namely:—

“(2) Not more than 1,000 tons of Carbide of Calcium shall be stored in any one building, provided that not more than 250 tons of Carbide of Calcium is stored in any one room or other part of the building.”

[No. M-104(3)/51.]

A. K. Sen, Under Secy.

NOTIFICATION.

No. L.D. 1463—Legis. 5-51-57, dated Bangalore, 24th October 1951.

Ordered that Notification No. S.R.O. 1490, dated 19th September 1951 of the Ministry of Finance (Revenue Division), amending the Part B States (Taxation Concessions) Order, 1950, published in the *Gazette of India*, Part II, Section 3, dated the 29th September 1951, be republished in the *Mysore Gazette*, for general information.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

N. R. JAYA RAO,
*Legal Remembrancer and
Secretary to Government,
Law Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

MINISTRY OF FINANCE (REVENUE DIVISION).

INCOME-TAX.

New Delhi, the 19th September 1951.

S.R.O. 1490.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 60A of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (XI of 1922), the Central Government hereby directs that the following further amendment shall be made in the Part B States (Taxation

Concessions) Order, 1950, published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance, (Revenue, and Expenditure Department) No. S.R.O. 998, dated the 2nd December 1950, namely:—

The proviso to clause (i) of paragraph 15 of the said Order shall be omitted and shall be deemed to have always been so omitted.

[No. 97.]

S. P. LAHIRI, Dy. Secy.

NOTIFICATION.

No. L.D. 1464—Legis. 5-51-58, dated Bangalore, 24th October 1951.

Ordered that Notification No. S.R.O. 1510, dated the 22nd September 1951 of the Ministry of Communications amending the Indian Post Office Rules, 1933, published in the *Gazette of India*, Part II, Section 3, dated the 29th September 1951, be republished in the *Mysore Gazette*, for general information.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

N. R. JAYA RAO,

Legal Remembrancer and
Secretary to Government,
Law Department.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS.

(POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS).

New Delhi, the 22nd September 1951.

S.R.O. 1510.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 16 of the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Central Government hereby directs that the following further amendment shall be made in the Indian Post Office Rules, 1933, namely:—

For Rule 193 of the said Rules the following rule shall be substituted namely:—

"193. Plain postcards (single and reply) shall be sold for the denoted value of the stamp or stamps which they bear. Special picture postcards (single only) shall be sold at one and a half annas each."

[H.3-1/51.]

K. V. VENKATACHALAM, Dy. Secy.